



FRENCH - UNIT 5 - French Transport

In this unit of French, we will become word detectives and use our knowledge of cognates and near cognates to and try to translate new vocabulary to do with modes of transport in French. We will use songs and repetition to be able to recognise French transport words when we hear them or read them. We will be able to form simple statements about a journey picture, using and adapting a model and we will be able to say those statements with mostly accurate pronunciation. We will be able to write a simple sentence from a model and will start to use accents in our writing accurately.

Key vocabulary for this unit is:

Sentence building
je vais - I go
en - on, by, in
en vacances - on holiday
Il y a - there is/are
combien de...? - how many... ?
tu vas où? - where are you going?
je vais à... - I am going to...
tu vas comment? - how are you going?
je vais en... - I am going by...
puis - then
Comment tu vas à l'école? - How do you go to school?
Je vais à l'école - I go to school
Combien de personnes vont à l'école en bus? - How many people go to school by bus?
è (accent grave) - grave accent
é (accent aigu) - acute accent
Modes of transport
un autobus - a bus
un avion - an aeroplane
un ballon - a balloon
un bateau- a boat
un ferry - a ferry
un hélicoptère - a helicopter
une moto - a motorbike
à pied - on foot
un scooter - a scooter (motorised)
un sous-marin - a submarine
un taxi - a taxi
un train - a train
à trottinette - by (push-along) scooter
un vélo - a bicycle
une voiture - a car
French-speaking countries
la Belgique - Belgium
le Burkina Faso - Burkino Faso
le Canada - Canada
la France - France
le Mali - Mali
la Guadeloupe - Guadeloupe
le Sénégal - Senegal
la Suisse - Switzerland
Place names
Berne - Bern
Bruxelles - Brussels
Québec - Quebec