

PROJECT PLACEMAT - EXPLORE -YEAR 2 - SPRING WHAT DOES IT MEAN TO BELONG?

Geography

Locational Knowledge

- Know the names of and locate the seven continents of the world
- Know the names of and locate the five oceans of the world
- Know the name of and locate the four capital cities of England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland

Human and Physical Geography

- Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns
- Identify the following physical features: mountain, lake, island, valley, river, cliff, forest, hill, sea, coast, beach, soil, vegetation, season and weather
- Explain some of the advantages and disadvantages of living in a city or village.

Geographical Skills and Fieldwork

- right; near, far, to describe the location of features and routes on a map
- Devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key
- Use world maps, atlases and globes
- Use simple compass directions (N,S,E,W) and directional language (near, far, left, right)
- Use aerial photos to recognise landmarks and basic physical and human features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key
- Undertake simple fieldwork within school locality - using first hand observation to enhance local awareness of the surrounding environment

Sticky Knowledge

Important Ideas

Adventure
Culture
Compassion
Loyalty
Communication
Opportunity

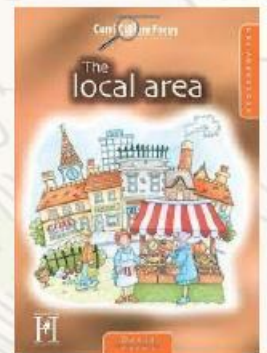
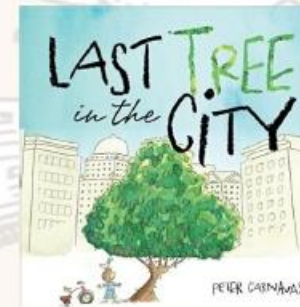
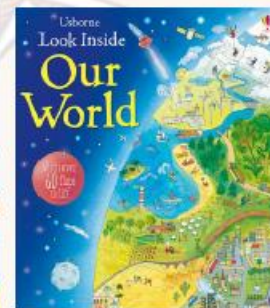
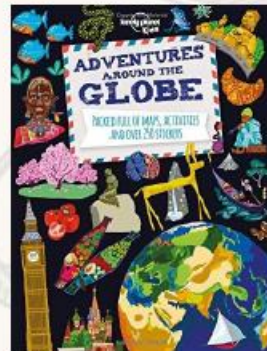
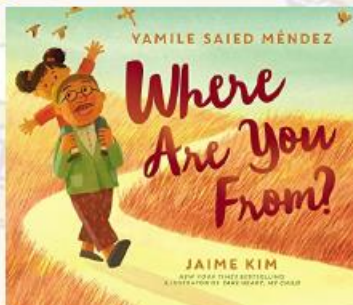
Crucial Connections

National Geographic Website
<https://www.natgeokids.com/uk/teacher-category/geography/>

BBC Bitesize - Y2 Geography
<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/subjects/zcdqxn/subject/z7s22sg>

Ordnance Survey - Mapzone
<https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/mapzone/>

Reading Recommendations:




Geography is important as we need to understand the world around us. The skills learnt in geography are vital in jobs such as: *Planning and development projects *Cartographer *Environmental work *Social researcher *Meteorologist *Town Planner and so on


Possibilities

Subject Specific Vocabulary


Concepts



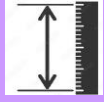
Place



Connections



Changes



Scale

Geography	The study of the physical features of the earth and its atmosphere, and of human activity as it affects and is affected by these	Sea	A body of salt water not as large as an ocean, completely or partly surrounded by land.
Continent	One of the Earth's seven major areas of land (Europe, Asia, Africa, North and South America, Australia, Antarctica).	Coast	The area where the sea and land meet
Ocean	A large area of salt water between continents (Arctic, Southern, Indian, Atlantic and Pacific)	Beach	A pebbly or sandy shore, between the sea and a higher land place.
Street	A public road in a city, town, or village, typically with houses and buildings on one or both sides.	Soil	A mixture of minerals and organic material that covers much of Earth's surface
Urban	A busy locations which has lots of houses and usually shops and offices.	Vegetation	Plants or plant life in a particular place
Rural	It is a location in the country. It is not usually as busy as an urban place.	Season	Four different times during the year with different types of weather (Autumn, Spring, Summer, Autumn)
Map Symbol	A small picture on a map to tell you about something. There are symbols for schools, churches, post offices and pubs.	Weather	The way the air and the atmosphere feels
Mountain	A natural rise of the Earth's surface that usually has a "summit"	Valley	A long depression, or ditch, in Earth's surface
Lake	A large body of water that is surrounded by land	River	A stream of water that flows through a channel in the surface of the ground.
Island	A piece of land completely surrounded by sea	Tide	The rise and fall of the levels of the ocean.