

Discover: In the past, did people just survive or did they thrive?

Sticky Knowledge

Stone Age

- The stone-age period is said to have started around 3 million year ago when humans started to live in Europe.
- The bronze-age was followed by the iron-age when tools and weapons became more advanced and were used for farming.
- During the Palaeolithic Age (old stone age), man gathered food by hunting wild animals and birds, fishing, and collecting fruits and nuts.
- During the Neolithic Age (towards end of the stone age), the humans formed settled communities, and domesticated plants and animals for the first time in history.

Greeks

- Describe some beliefs of people of Athens and Sparta
- Some places associated with worship e.g. *temple, acropolis*,
- Know some details of warfare e.g. *hoplite, armour, tactics*

Important Ideas

Courage

Developments

Society

Survival

Trade

Crucial Connections

Stone Age

[Click here for Stone Age information](#)

[Click here for Iron Age information](#)

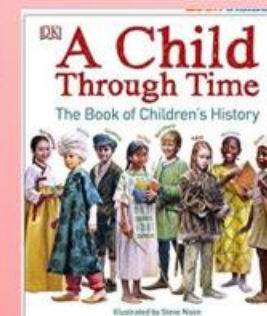
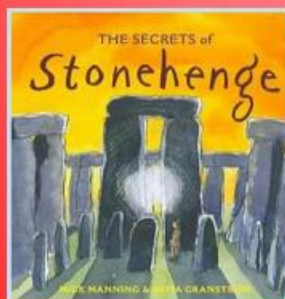
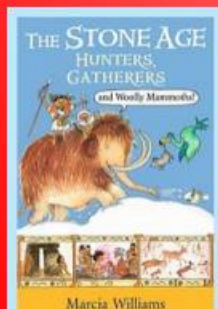
Greeks

[Click here for information on the Ancient Greeks](#)

[Click here for the BBC bitesize information and quizzes](#)

[Click here for more information on the Ancient Greeks](#)

Reading Recommendations



Possibilities

Archaeologist, librarian, museum education officer, museum/gallery curator, archivist, heritage manager, historic buildings inspector, academic researcher, tour guide

Stone Age

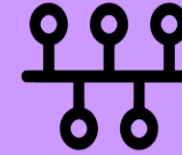
Subject Specific Vocabulary

archaeologists	People who work out our history by looking at artefacts that have been found.
artefact	An object made by human beings, usually with historical or cultural interest.
Neolithic	Is the later part of the stone age and follows the Palaeolithic and Mesolithic age.
B.C	Before Christ. A date like 250BC means 250 years before Christ was born.
chronology	The ordering of events, for example the stone, bronze and iron age.
tribal	Groups of people who live together.
Hunter-gatherers	People who mainly live by hunting, fishing and gathering wild fruit.
shelter	A house where stone age people would have lived.
civilisation	A group that lived during a period of time, long ago.
Settlement	A place where there were several stone age shelters, like a small village.
prey	An animal that is hunted for its food.

Greeks

chronology	-events or dates in the order that they happened.
empire	-an extensive group of states or countries under the same ruler.
locate/location	-a particular place
democracy/democratic	- The word comes from two Greek words that mean "rule by the people." In a democracy the people have a say in how the government is run. They do this by voting.
ancient	-The very distant past
modern	-present or recent times
Dikasteria/Boule/Ekklesia	-groups of people who voted for rules to be passed
Polis	-A city-state, or polis, was the community structure of ancient Greece. Each city-state was organized with an urban center and the surrounding countryside. An example is the famous Parthenon of Athens.
Metic	-An alien resident of an ancient Greek city who had some civil privileges.
Greek Gods	Hercules, Hermes, Zeus, Poseidon, Ares, Aphrodite, Theseus, Achilles, Odysseus, Perseus, Jason, Minotaur, Gorgon, Hydra, Cyclops, Cerberus, Chimera.

Concepts



Constructing and Sequencing the Past



Cause and effect



Interpretation



Change and Development



Significance



Historical Enquiry